### Computer Vision: Fall 2022 — Lecture 1 Dr. Karthik Mohan

Univ. of Washington, Seattle

September 29, 2022

### Instruction Team



Faturs (Grodes)

#### **Motivation**

#### **Computer Vision**

The field of Computer vision has made a lot of advances in the past decade with the advent of deep learning. Problems previously considered intractable not only have a solution in computer vision but also see implementation in the real world (e.g. self driving cars, terrain navigation, etc). The course will introduce applications and methods side by side. We will start with basic concepts in human and computer vision, learn building blocks for vision and proceed towards machine learning methods for CV. Towards the end of the course, we will also look at state of the art deep learning methods for different vision problems including: image classification, medical image detection (MRI analytics), automated captioning of images, image segmentation, handwriting recognition and perhaps more. The course will have a combination of conceptual and hands-on programming assignments with a focus on learning how to think in vision and developing intuition, and hands-on experience in this space.

### Applications



#### **Classification and Segmentation**



5/38

#### **Classification and Segmentation**



Refining understanding gan Inoge

6/38

## Advanced Applications of CV

#### Image to Text



(Univ. of Washington, Seattle) Computer Vision: Fall 2022 — Lecture 1 September 29, 2022

8/38

# Image Captioning (Image to Text)





#### Ancient India with ornate temples, waterfalls, and fireflies



#### Explore Mid Journey Research Paper on Text to Image

(Univ. of Washington, Seattle)

Computer Vision: Fall 2022 — Lecture 1

September 29, 2022 10 / 38

#### Text to Image

#### Ancient India with ornate temples, waterfalls, and fireflies



#### Research Paper on Text to Image

(Univ. of Washington, Seattle)

### Text to Image

#### Ax-oh-what?



### Text to Image

#### Axolotl!









### Text to Video (Latest Innovation!)

Make a Video Text to Video!!

**Research** Paper

# Computer Vision Problem Spaces we will tocuh on

- Image de-noising
- Image smoothing
- Image Classification
- Object Detection
- Semantic Segmentation
- Instance Segmentation (maybe)
- Image Embeddings
- Image to text
- Image Captioning
- Text to Image (high-level)

#### **Pre-Course Survey Results**

Survey

#### Break-down of course





#### Week by Week

Week	Торіс
1	Motivation and applications of CV
2	Transforms, Convolutions and feature extraction
3	Machine Learning for CV
4	Machine Learning for CV
5	Neural Networks & CNN
6	Pytorch Tutorial and libraries
7	Object detection and instance segmentation
8 S Deep Learning applications in CV	
9	L Image to Text and Text to Image
10	More Deep Learning applications in CV

18/38

#### **Pre-requisites**



### (Heads Up) Advanced Intro to ML - Taught in Winter 2023

Week	Lecture Material	Assignment		
1	Linear Regression	Housing Price Prediction		
2	Classification	Spam classification (Kaggle)		
3	Classification	Flower/Leaf classification		
4 Clustering		MNIST digits clustering		
5	Anomaly Detection	Crypto Prediction (Kaggle + P)		
6	Data Visualization	Crypto Prediction (Kaggle + P)		
7	Deep Learning	Visualizing 1000 images		
8	Deep Learning (DL)	ECG Arrythmia Detection		
9	DL in NLP	TwitterSentiment Analysis (Kaggle + P)		
10	DLs in Vision	on TwitterSentiment Analysis (Kaggle + P)		

#### Assessments Breakdown



#### ML and CV

You can take CV out of ML, but you can't take ML out of CV!



(Univ. of Washington, Seattle) Computer Vision: Fall 2022 — Lecture 1

September 29, 2022 23 / 38

#### Definitions - Which ones are right?

- Machine learning is code that improves itself with data and over time!
- Machine learning is helping machines learn to be smarter (e.g. Tesla)
- Machine learning relies on big data. More the data, the better the performance of the ML model.
- Machine learning makes lives of humans easier



#### More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?

More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?



27 / 38

More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?





27 / 38

More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?









More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?









More perspectives

Have you noticed how a kid learns?



(Univ. of Washington, Seattle)

• Machine Learning is understanding patterns in data!

ALearn

- Machine Learning is understanding patterns in data!
- It's knowing what combinations of features or factors in the data contribute to a decision? (e.g. shape and color for recognizing an apple)
   D Feature Engineering
   D Feature Engineering
   D Feature Stores

- Machine Learning is understanding patterns in data!
- It's knowing what combinations of features or factors in the data contribute to a decision? (e.g. shape and color for recognizing an apple)
- Machine Learning helps you appreciate human learning! Our brains are so complex and smart - Even a simple act of driving requires tons of intelligence (some electric cars still make mistakes)!

### When do you stop learning?

#### Human vs Machine

• For humans, learning doesn't stop - Isn't it?

#### Human vs Machine

- For humans, learning doesn't stop Isn't it?
- What about machines. Would you say "learning" could stop at some point in the machine learning process ? And if so, how do you check ?

#### Human vs Machine

- For humans, learning doesn't stop Isn't it?
- What about machines. Would you say "learning" could stop at some point in the machine learning process ? And if so, how do you check ?
- What exactly is "learning" in Machine Learning ?

### ML vs AI: What's the difference?

#### ML vs AI: What's the difference?

One take on this

### ML vs AI: What's the difference?





Any technique that enables computers to mimic human intelligence. It includes *machine learning* 

#### **Machine Learning**

A subset of AI that includes techniques that enable machines to improve at tasks with experience. It includes *deep learning* 

#### **Deep Learning**



A subset of machine learning based on neural networks that permit a machine to train itself to perform a task.



- Assignments assume python as the main language (e.g. for hints and modules, etc)
- Coding environment set-up will be one of the problems on HW 1
- Prototyping can be done on notebooks and submitted as such for smaller assignments.
- For mini-projects and kaggle assignments Please keep your code modular and organized.

- Pointers below if you want to get set up on Google Colab for both prototyping, running machine-intensive ML experiments and working with code through IDEs
- Prototype Coding work in Notebooks recommended on Google Colab
- For terminal access on Google Colab, sign up for pro
- pip3 install colabcode on termainal
- ColabCode enables you to have a VSCode IDE port into Google Colab

   So you can work on the IDE from your laptop but run experiments
   on Google Colab!

### Maximizing Your Learning in this course!

- Ask questions during lectures Clarify things as they happen!
- Make use of office hours and quiz section!  $\zeta_{r}$
- Collaborative learning Discord is a great place to brainstorm concepts outside class and unblock yourself.
- <u>30% of</u> your learning happens in class and office hours The remaining <u>70% happen</u> when you work on the assignments. (You ofcourse need the 30 to get to the 70 :D)
- What you put in is what you get out!
- Excitement + Smart work + Inquisitiveness = Maximized learning!

#### **Office Hours Survey**

Office Hours Survey

		Day	Timings	Class type	
	Lecture 1 (In-person)		4 pm - 6 pm	(In-person)	
	Lecture 2	Th	4 pm - 6 pm	Zoom	
	Office Hours Karthik	(	6 - 7 pm	Zoom -	Æc
	Calendly 15 min Karthik	October		Zoom	
	Office Hours Ayush	Wed?	5-6 pm	Zoom	
	Quiz Section Ayush	Mon?	5-6 pm	Zoom	]

Groading Mours Fahrris Fisigrood

- Building blocks of CV Image Processing, Image Smoothing
- **Basic Image Transformations** 2

Basic ML for CV

Simple Image Features for Learning 3 3rd Lechor